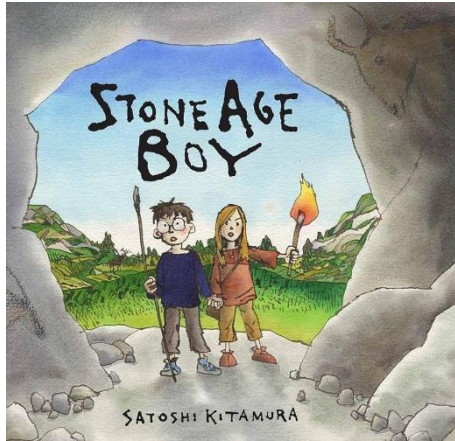




Year 3 Knowledge Organiser: Stone Age Boy by Satoshi Kitamura



| Vocabulary: | |
|-------------|---------------|
| wander | skinning |
| stumble | smoke |
| relief | stew |
| strike | flint |
| chip | spear |
| trim | spearhead |
| wriggle | grindstone |
| flicker | leather |
| furious | ornament |
| pierce | archaeologist |

Genre: Fiction - Historical Narrative

Writing outcome: To write a historical narrative from the point of view of the boy.

Punctuating Direct Speech:



1. Inverted commas around everything that is said
2. Capital letter at the start of speech
3. Punctuation inside the inverted commas
4. Reporting clause with synonyms for said

What is a prefix?

Prefixes are groups of letters that are added to the start of words to change their meaning.

| dis- (no/not) | mis- (wrong) | in- (no/not) | il- (not) | im- (no/not) | ir- (not) | un- (not) |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| dislike | misbelief | inactive | illegible | imperfect | irregular | unlike |
| disbelief | misbehave | inaccurate | illegal | immobile | irrelevant | untie |
| disappoint | misfortune | incorrect | illogical | immature | irresistible | unload |
| disobey | misread | incomplete | illiterate | impatient | | unfair |
| disagree | mislead | invisible | | immortal | | |
| dishonest | misheard | | | | | |

Comparative vs Superlative adjectives

Comparative adjectives

One way to describe nouns is by **comparing** them to something else. For example, one cat might be **fiercer, hungrier, faster, softer, fluffier, or shyer** than another. The words describing the cat are called **comparative adjectives** and usually end in the suffix **-er**

Superlative adjectives

We can also compare nouns by using **superlative adjectives**, which mean that something has **more** of a particular quality than any other of its kind; that it can't be beaten. **Superlative adjectives** usually end in the suffix **-est**. For example: She is the **strongest** player on the best team in the **greatest** league.

Progressive Tenses

| Past progressive | Present progressive |
|------------------|---------------------|
| was/were hiding | am/is/are hiding |

Perfect Tenses

| Past perfect | Present perfect |
|--------------|-----------------|
| had hidden | have/has hidden |